# Zahlentheorie II – Homework 10

Submission: individually or in pairs, on Whiteboard as Names\_ZT2\_H10.pdf by 12:00 on Thursday, the 20th. of June 2024.

#### Full written proofs are required in support of your answers.

### Problem 1.

Let G be a finite group.

- 1. Show that there exists a Galois extension L/K such that  $\operatorname{Gal}(L/K) \simeq G$ .
- 2. Show that if K is fixed there may not exist an extension  $K \subseteq L$  with  $\operatorname{Gal}(L/K) \simeq G$ .

#### Problem 2.

Consider a subfield  $L \subset \mathbb{C}$  such that  $L/\mathbb{Q}$  is a cyclic Galois extension of degree 4. Show that  $L/\mathbb{Q}$  admits a unique nontrivial intermediate field E, and that E is contained in  $\mathbb{R}$ .

You may solve Extra Problem 5 instead of this one.

### Problem 3.

Determine a splitting field and the Galois group of the polynomial  $x^4 - 5$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , resp.  $\mathbb{Q}(i)$ , as well as all intermediate fields of the arising extensions.

#### Problem 4.

# Write the symmetric polynomial $T_1^2T_2^2T_3 + T_1^2T_2T_3^2 + T_1T_2^2T_3^2 \in \mathbb{Q}[T_1, T_2, T_3]$ as a polynomial expression $g(s_1, s_2, s_3)$ in the elementary symmetric polynomials.

#### Total: 8 points

2 points (instead of Pb.2)

### Extra Problem 5.

Let K be a field of characteristic  $\neq 2$  and  $f \in K[x]$  a separable irreducible polynomial with zeros  $\alpha_1, \ldots, \alpha_n$  in a splitting field L of f over K. Assume that the Galois group of f is cyclic of even order and show:

1. The discriminant  $\Delta = \prod_{i < j} (\alpha_i - \alpha_j)^2$  does not admit a square root in K.

# 2 points

# 2 points

# 2 points

2 points

2. There is a unique intermediate field E of L/K which satisfies [E : K] = 2, namely  $E = K(\Delta)$ .

## Extra Problem 6.

Consider  $L = \mathbb{Q}(\frac{i+1}{\sqrt{2}})$  as a subfield of  $\mathbb{C}$ . Show that L/Q is Galois and determine the corresponding Galois group, as well as all intermediate fields of  $L/\mathbb{Q}$ .

# Extra Problem 7.

Determine the Galois Groups of the following polynomials.

- 1.  $x^3 + 6x^2 + 11x + 7 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ .
- 2.  $x^4 + 2x^2 2 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ .
- 3.  $x^4 x^2 3 \in \mathbb{F}_5[x]$ .
- 4.  $x^4 + 7x^2 3 \in \mathbb{F}_{13}[x]$ .