### Zahlentheorie II – Homework 7

Submission: individually or in pairs,

on Whiteboard as Names\_ZT2\_H7.pdf by 12:00 on Thursday, the 6th. of June 2024.

#### Full written proofs are required in support of your answers.

#### Problem 1.

Construct a field L together with a subgroup  $G \leq \operatorname{Aut}(L)$  such that  $L/L^G$  is not a Galois extension.

#### Problem 2.

Let K be a field,  $f \in K[x]$  an irreducible separable polynomial, and L a splitting field of f over K, so that L/K is a finite Galois extension. If L/K is abelian, show that  $L = K(\alpha)$  for every zero  $\alpha \in L$  of f.

#### Problem 3.

Determine  $\operatorname{Gal}(L/K)$  as well as the normal intermediate extensions of L/K in the following cases.

- 1.  $K = \mathbb{Q}, L =$  the splitting field of  $x^3 2$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ .
- 2.  $K = \mathbb{Q}, L = \mathbb{Q}(i, \sqrt[4]{2}).$

#### Problem 4.

Let  $p \in \mathbb{N}$  be a prime,  $r \in \mathbb{N}_{>0}$ , and  $\xi \in \mathbb{C}$  some primitive root of unity of order  $p^r$ . Show that  $\mathbb{Q} \subset \mathbb{Q}(\xi)$  is a cyclic Galois extension, except for the case in which p = 2 and  $r \ge 3$ . Show that in this latter case the Galois group is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/2^{r-2}\mathbb{Z}$ .

#### **Total: 8 points**

#### Extra Problem 5.

Let  $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  be a field and  $f \in K[x]$  be an irreducible polynomial in K[x] with deg f = p, where p is a prime, and with f having precisely p-2 real roots. Let L be the splitting field of f. Show that  $\operatorname{Gal}(L/K) \simeq S_p$ , the symmetric group on p elements.

#### 2 points

2 points

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## 2 points

#### Extra Problem 6.

Let K be a filed and L = K(x), the field of rational functions in one variable x over K. Let  $\sigma$  be the K-homomorphism of L given by  $x \mapsto x + 1$ . Determine the subfield

$$L^{\sigma} = \{ a \in L : \sigma(a) = a \}.$$

#### **Elementary Proble 7.**

Find all  $x, y, z, t \in \mathbb{N}$  such that  $3^x - 3^y + 3^z - 3^t = 2025$ .