Problems on Algebraic Geometry

Summer 2021

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Problem Set 1 Due: Monday, April 26, 2021, 4pm

Exercise 1 (The Yoneda lemma; 3+3+3+3+3 points). a) Let C be a category and $A \in Ob(C)$. Show that

$$\begin{array}{rccc} h_A \colon \mathcal{C} & \longrightarrow & \underline{\operatorname{Sets}} \\ & B & \longmapsto & \operatorname{Mor}_{\mathcal{C}}(A, B) \\ f \colon B \longrightarrow C & \longmapsto & (g \colon A \longrightarrow B) \longmapsto (f \circ g \colon A \longrightarrow C) \end{array}$$

is a covariant functor and that

$$\begin{array}{rccc} h^A \colon \mathcal{C} & \longrightarrow & \underline{\operatorname{Sets}} \\ & B & \longmapsto & \operatorname{Mor}_{\mathcal{C}}(B,A) \\ f \colon B \longrightarrow C & \longmapsto & (g \colon C \longrightarrow A) \longmapsto (g \circ f \colon B \longrightarrow A) \end{array}$$

is a contravariant functor. These functors are called *representable functors*. b) Let $F: \mathcal{C} \longrightarrow \underline{\text{Sets}}$ be a (covariant) functor. Let A be an object of \mathcal{C} and $a \in \mathcal{F}(A)$. Show that

$$\begin{array}{ccc} h_a \colon h_A & \longrightarrow & F \\ f \colon A \longrightarrow B & \longmapsto & F(f)(a) \end{array}$$

is a natural transformation of functors.

c) Let $\Phi: h_A \longrightarrow F$ be a natural transformation of functors. Define

$$a_{\Phi} := \Phi(A)(\mathrm{id}_A) \in F(A).$$

Prove that the assignments $\Phi \mapsto a_{\Phi}$ and $a \mapsto h_a$ are inverse to each other and, therefore, identify the natural transformations between h_A and F with the elements of F(A).

d) Rewrite this result for contravariant functors.

e) Conclude that two objects A and B define isomorphic functors h_A and h_B (h^A and h^B) if and only if they are isomorphic.

Exercise 2 (Groups and their centers; 8 points).

Let <u>Grps</u> be the category of groups and <u>Ab</u> the category of abelian groups. For a group G, denote by

$$Z(G) := \left\{ \, g \in G \, | \, \forall h \in G : g \cdot h = h \cdot g \, \right\}$$

its center. Is it possible to extend the map

$$Ob(\underline{Grps}) \longrightarrow Ob(\underline{Ab})$$

 $G \longmapsto Z(G)$

to a functor $F \colon \operatorname{Grps} \longrightarrow \operatorname{\underline{Ab}}$?

Exercise 3 (Adjoint functors; 5+5 points).

Let Top be the category of topological spaces, <u>Sets</u> the category of sets, and $F: \underline{\text{Top}} \longrightarrow \underline{\text{Sets}}$ the forgetful functor.

a) Construct a functor $G: \underline{\text{Sets}} \longrightarrow \underline{\text{Top}}$, such that, for all $A \in \text{Ob}(\underline{\text{Top}})$ and all $B \in \text{Ob}(\underline{\text{Sets}})$,

$$\operatorname{Mor}_{\operatorname{Top}}(A, G(B)) = \operatorname{Mor}_{\operatorname{Sets}}(F(A), B).$$

The functor G is said to be *right adjoint* to F (and F left adjoint to G).

b) Construct a functor $H: \underline{\text{Sets}} \longrightarrow \underline{\text{Top}}$, such that, for all $A \in \text{Ob}(\underline{\text{Top}})$ and all $B \in \text{Ob}(\underline{\text{Sets}})$,

 $\operatorname{Mor}_{\operatorname{Top}}(H(A), B) = \operatorname{Mor}_{\underline{\operatorname{Sets}}}(A, F(B)).$

Here, G is left adjoint to F and F right adjoint to G.

Exercise 4 (The category of finite sets; 7 points). Describe the skeleton of the category of finite sets.